





Science at The Hinckley School

Curriculum Vision

We aim to deliver a curriculum that

- develops students' ability to work, think and communicate like a scientist
- encourages student curiosity
- is **inclusive** to all
- provides opportunities to experience science 'hands-on'
- enhances students' science capital

<u>Subject Intent</u> Science helps us understand, and connect to, the world we inhabit.

<u>Year 7</u>

Autumn Spring Summer	BiologyCELLS What are living things made from and how do they reproduce?Microscopes and beyondPlant reproductionHuman reproduction	Chemistry PARTICLES What are all substances made of? Particle model Elements and the periodic table	PhysicsFORCES and ENERGYHow do objects interact?Contact forcesThe UniverseEnergy	Working scientifically SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATIONS How do scientists investigate ideas?
Endpoints	 Label and explain the function of organelles in plant, animal and bacterial cells. Describe the increasing complexity shown by cells, tissues, organs and organ systems. Describe sexual reproduction in plants and animals. 	 Draw particle diagrams for the three states of matter and use these to explain their properties Understand what happens at particle level when a substance changes state Describe the structure of an atom State that an element is a substance made up of only one type of atom. Explain how elements are organised in the Periodic Table 	 State the types of forces and categorise them as contact or non-contact Describe how forces can change the shape of an object or cause it to move Describe the role gravity plays in the existence of our universe. Name the different types of energy store. Describe how energy can be transferred between energy stores. 	 Accurately make measurements of length, time and volume Follow a set of instructions to complete a multistep experiment Identify the independent, dependent and control variables in an investigation Record results in an appropriate table Plot a simple scatter graph of whole number values Describe a trend in data in simple terms







<u>Year 8</u>

	Biology	Chemistry	Physics	Working scientifically
Term	BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS How do living things survive? Breathing and respiration	SUBSTANCES What are the different types of substances and how are they formed? Separating mixtures	ENERGY TRANSFER How is energy transferred between energy stores? Heating and cooling	DESCRIBING EXPERIMENTS How do scientists share the details of their experiments?
Spring Summer	Nutrition and digestion Plants and photosynthesis	Types of reaction Acids and alkalis	Electricity Magnetism	-
Endpoints	 Describe the respiratory system and the effects disease and life style have on it Describe the digestive system and the importance of a balanced diet Know the key word equations for photosynthesis and respiration and where they take place Describe the structure of a leaf and how it is adapted for photosynthesis and gaseous exchange. 	 Understand the difference between an element, a compound and a mixture Choose an appropriate method to separate a mixture Classify a chemical reaction as combustion, decomposition, oxidation or neutralisation Identify if a reaction is endothermic or exothermic 	 Describe the processes of conduction, convection and radiation as means by which energy is transferred. Describe current, potential difference and resistance qualitatively. Represent the magnetic field around a bar magnet and in an electromagnet using magnetic field lines. 	 Name common laboratory equipment and glassware Draw scientific diagrams of apparatus Outline a stepwise method for a planned experiment Accurately make measurements of mass Accurately describe observations Understand the difference between repeatable and reproducible results Identify anomalous results and record a mean







<u>Year 9</u>

	Biology	Chemistry	Physics	Working scientifically
Term Autumn Spring	ECOSYSTEMS AND EVOLUTION Why are living things different? Interdependence Variation, evolution and	EARTH CHEMISTRY How do we extract useful substances from the Earth? Earth Structure Atomic structure (GCSE)	PHYSICS IN ACTION How can we use an understanding of energy and forces to explain observations? Pressure Light and sound	EVALUATING RESULTS What do scientists consider when looking at the results of an experiment?
Summer	inheritance Cell Biology (GCSE)	Earth's resources (GCSE)	Energy (GCSE)	-
Endpoints	 Describe how living things interact in an ecosystem and how they are affected by their environment Explain the causes of differences between living things Describe the differences between chromosomes, genes and DNA. Explain how organisms have evolved over time. 	 Describe the structure of the Earth Know that rocks can be classified into one of three types; igneous, metamorphic or sedimentary, and that they are continually changing as a result of chemical and physical processes Understand how metals can be extracted from their ores by displacement Describe the impact of human activity on the Earth and suggest ways in which this can be minimised 	 Describe pressure as the effect of a force acting over an area and use this knowledge to explain everyday phenomena. Draw and label a simple waveform and link amplitude with volume and frequency with pitch. Describe light as a transverse wave Explain observations when light is shone on a material using simple ray diagrams (absorption, diffuse scattering, reflection and refraction). 	 Use scientific knowledge to make a prediction Apply sampling techniques Identify the most suitable graph for presenting data (discrete and continuous) Understand the meaning of the terms random and systematic error Evaluate methods and suggest improvements and further investigations







GCSE AQA Combined Science (Trilogy) or AQA Separate Biology, Chemistry or Physics

<u>Year 10</u>

Term	Biology	Chemistry	Physics
Autumn	Cell Biology	Bonding, structure and properties	Particle model of matter
	Organisation	of matter	Waves
		Chemical changes II	
Spring	Infection and response	Energy changes	Atomic structure
		Rate and extent of chemical	Electricity
		change	
Summer	Bioenergetics	Organic chemistry	Electricity cont.
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<u>Year 11</u>

Term	Biology	Chemistry	Physics
Autumn	Homeostasis and response	Chemistry of the atmosphere Quantitative chemistry	Forces
Spring	Inheritance, variation and evolution	Chemical analysis Using resources and electrolysis	Magnetism and electromagnetism
Summer	Ecology	Using resources and electrolysis cont.	Space (Physics only)

Assessment
Objectives &
LearningDemonstrate knowledge and understanding of: scientific ideas; scientific techniques and proceduresApply knowledge and understanding of: scientific ideas; scientific enquiry, techniques and proceduresAimsAnalyse information and ideas to: interpret and evaluate; make judgements and draw conclusions; develop
and improve experiment procedures.







Key Stage 5: A-level Biology (OCR A)

Term	Year 12	Year 13
Autumn 1	 Cell Structure Biological Molecules 	 Neuronal Communication Hormonal Communication Excretion as an Example of Homeostasis
Autumn 2	 Nucleic Acids Enzymes Biological Membranes Cell Division, Diversity and Differentiation 	 Respiration Photosynthesis Plant and Animal Responses
Spring 1	 Biological Membranes Continued Cell Division, Diversity and Differentiation Continued Exchange Surfaces Transport in Plants Transport in Animals 	 Cellular Control Patterns of Inheritance Manipulating Genomes Cloning & Biotechnology
Spring 2	 Transport in Animals Continued Communicable Diseases Biodiversity 	 Patterns of Inheritance Continued Cloning & Biotechnology Continued Populations & Sustainability
Summer 1	 Classification & Evolution Transitioning into yr13: Communication & Homeostasis 	- Revision
Summer 2	- Transitioning into yr13: Ecosystems	- Revision
Assessment Objectives & Learning Aims	 AO1: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, processes, techniques and procedures AO2: Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, processes, techniques and procedures: In a theoretical context In a practical context When handling qualitative data When handling quantitative data AO3: Analyse, interpret and evaluate scientific information, ideas and evidence, including in relation to issues, to: make judgements and reach conclusions develop and refine practical design and procedures 	







Key Stage 5: A-level Chemistry (AQA)

Term	Year 12	Year 13	
Autumn 1	Amount of substance	Thermodynamics	
	Atomic structure	Optical isomerism	
		Aldehydes and ketones	
Autumn 2	Bonding	Rate equations	
	Energetics	Acids and bases	
		Carboxylic acids and derivatives	
Spring 1	Kinetics	Transition metals	
	 Introduction to organic chemistry 	 Reactions of aqueous solutions 	
	Alkanes	Aromatic chemistry	
		Amines	
		Polymers	
		Amino acids, proteins and DNA	
Spring 2	Chemical equilibria, Le Chatelier's principle	Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy	
	and Kc	Chromatography	
	Oxidation, reduction and redox equations	Properties of period 3	
	Halogenoalkanes		
Summer 1	• Group 2, the alkaline earth metals	Organic synthesis	
	Group 7, the halogens	Electrode potentials and electrochemical cells	
	Periodicity	Equilibrium constant Kp for homogeneous	
	Alkenes	systems	
	Alcohols		
Summer 2	Periodicity		
	Organic analysis		
Assessment	AO1: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding	of scientific ideas, processes, techniques and	
Objectives &	procedures		
Learning	AO2: Apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, processes, techniques and procedures:		
Aims	- In a theoretical context		
	- In a practical context		
	- When handling qualitative data		
	- When handling quantitative data		
	AO3: Analyse, interpret and evaluate scientific information, ideas and evidence, including in relation to		
	issues, to:		
	- make judgements and reach conclusions		
L	 develop and refine practical design and pr 	oceaures	







Key Stage 5: Physics (OCR Physics A)

Term	Year 12	Year 13	
Autumn 1	ForcesElectrical Circuits - 1	Astrophysics and CosmologyGravitational Fields	
Autumn 2	 Motion Electrical Circuits - 2 	 Circular motion Thermal Physics Oscillations 	
Spring 1	Work Energy and PowerWaves -1	Electric and Magnetic FieldsCapacitors	
Spring 2	MaterialsWaves -2	Nuclear and Particle Physics	
Summer 1	Newton's laws of motion and momentum	RadioactivityMedical Imaging	
Summer 2	Quantum Mechanics	EXAM prep	
Assessment Objectives & Learning Aims	 further study and careers associated with the To develop essential knowledge and understand they relate to each other. To understand how society makes decisions contribute to the success of the economy a To understand the fundamental mathematic and apply the laws of Physics in a logical an 	• To understand how society makes decisions about scientific issues and how the sciences contribute to the success of the economy and society.	